Financial Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2021

November 11, 2021 KATO WORKS CO., LTD.





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Summary of consolidated financial results

Net sales for the six months ended September 30, 2021 increased by 16.1% year-on-year to 30,959 million yen.

While the review of cost structure and the improvement of working capital have been ongoing through "KATO Reborn Project", it will take time for their effects to emerge. Therefore, profits are still on the way to recovery.



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(Unit: millions of yen)



Changes in consolidated financial results





Consolidated statement of income



(Unit: millions of yen)

	For the 6 months ended Sep. 30, 2020		For the 6mo Sep. 30		Year-on-year		
	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount change	Percent change	
Net sales	26,674	100.0%	30,959	100.0%	4,285	16.1%	
Cost of sales	24,035	90.1%	27,235	88.0%	3,199	13.3%	
Gross profit	2,638	9.9%	3,724	12.0%	1,085	41.1%	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	4,161	15.6%	4,757	15.4%	596	14.3%	
Operating profit (loss)	(1,522)	(5.7)%	(1,033)	(3.3)%	489	-	
Non-operating income (expenses)	396	1.5%	100	0.3%	(295)	(74.6)%	
Ordinary profit (loss)	(1,126)	(4.2)%	(932)	(3.0)%	193	-	
Extraordinary income (losses)	108	0.4%	15	0.0%	(93)	(86.1)%	
Profit (loss) before income taxes	(1,018)	(3.8)%	(917)	(3.0)%	100	-	
Income taxes	316	1.2%	46	0.1%	(270)	(85.5)%	
Profit (loss) attributable to non- controlling interests	(24)	(0.1)%	24	0.1%	49	-	
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent	(1,310)	(4.9)%	(988)	(3.2)%	322	-	

- Increase in gross profit (up 41.1% year-on-year)
- 2,638 million yen \rightarrow 3,724 million yen [1,085 million yen]
- \rightarrow Consecutive year-on-year increase from the first quarter
- > Improvement of cost of sales ratio 90.1% → 88.0% [(2.1)%]
 - \rightarrow End of the production adjustment until the previous year under the COVID-19 pandemic

Analysis of changes in operating profit (loss) KATO

(Unit: millions of yen)



Factors of changes in operating profit (loss)

* Increase in sales volume	380 million yen	
* Changes in selling prices/costs/product line-up	638 million yen	489 million yen
* Fluctuations in exchange	66 million yen	
* Increase in selling, general and administrative expenses	(595) million yen	

Consolidated balance sheet



			As of March 31, 2021		As of Septem	ber 30, 2021	Year-on-year	
			Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage	Amount change	
		Cash and deposits	14,782	12.8%	9,319	16.9%	4,536	
		Trade receivables	32,813	28.3%	1,085	27.1%	(1,727)	,727)
	Current assets	Inventories	40,814	35.2%	7,844	33.0%	(2,969)	\supset
		Other	(2,715)	(2.3)%	(3,418)	(3.0)%	(703)	
Assacha		Total current assets	85,694	74.0%	84,830	74.0%	(864)	
Assets	Non-current assets	Property, plant and equipment	25,235	21.8%	24,735	21.6%	(499)	
		Intangible assets	422	0.4%	398	0.3%	(24)	
		Investments and other assets	4,469	3.9%	4,638	4.0%	169	
		Total non-current assets	30,127	26.0%	29,772	26.0%	(355)	
		Total assets	115,822	100.0%	114,603	100.0%	(1,219)	
	Liabilities	Trade payables	12,253	10.6%	14,259	12.4%	2,005	
		Interest-bearing debt	46,512	40.2%	43,234	37.7%	(3,278)	
	Lidbillities	Other	5,561	4.8%	6,090	5.3%	529	
		Total liabilities	64,327	55.5%	63,584	55.5%	(743)	
Liabilities and Net assets		Retained earnings	38,188	33.0%	37,065	32.3%	(1,122)	
ווכר מסטכנס	Net assets	Valuation and translation adjustments	2,312	2.0%	2,853	2.5%	540	
		Other	10,993	9.5%	11,100	9.7%	106	
		Total net assets	51,494	44.5%	51,018	44.5%	(475)	
		Total liabilities and net assets	115,822	100.0%	114,603	100.0%	(1,219)	

(Unit: millions of yen)

> Decrease in trade receivables

32,813 million yen \rightarrow 31,085 million yen [(1,727) million yen]

→ Trade receivables turnover period improved.
 (As of Mar. 31, 2021 : 204.7 days
 As of Sep. 30, 2021 : 183.2 days)

Decrease in Inventories

40,814 million yen \rightarrow 37,844 million yen [(2,969) million yen]

→ Inventory turnover period improved.
 (As of Mar. 31, 2021 : 254.6 days
 As of Sep. 30, 2021 : 223.1 days)

Decrease in interest-bearing debt

46,512 million yen \rightarrow 43,234 million yen [(3,278) million yen]

 \rightarrow Decrease due to repayment of long-term borrowings



For the 6 months ended For the 6 months ended

(Unit: millions of yen)

> Increase in CF from operating activities

 \rightarrow Mainly from decrease in trade receivables and decrease in inventories

Decrease in CF from \geq financing activities

 \rightarrow Mainly from repayment of long-term borrowings

		Sep. 30, 2020	Sep. 30, 2021	
		Amount	Amount	
	Profit (loss) before income taxes	(1,018)	(917)	
	Depreciation	1,024	959	
	Decrease (increase) in trade receivables	9,235	2,277	
Cash flows from operating	Decrease (increase) in inventories	(1,513)	3,088	
activities	Increase (decrease) in trade payables	(6,856)	1,884	
	Other, net	(670)	207	
	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	200	7,499	$\mathbf{>}$
Cach flows from investing	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(1,787)	(907)	
Cash flows from investing activities	Other, net	(138)	180	
activities	Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(1,925)	(727)	
Cash flows from financing	Increase (decrease) in interest-bearing debt	1,602	(3,379)	>
activities	Other, net	(113)	(221)	
	Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,489	(3,601)	
Increase (decrease)	Effect of exchange rate change	29	148	
Increase (decrease)	Net increase (decrease)	(206)	4,704	
	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	11,101	14,614	
	Increase in cash and cash equivalents resulting from inclusion of subsidiaries in consolidation	-	-	
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	10,895	19,319	

Changes in consolidated net sales by principal item

						(Unit: millior	ns of yen)			
	For 6 mon Sep. 30	iths ended), 2019				For 6 months ended Sep. 30, 2020 Sep. 30, 2021		Year-on-year			
	Amount	Composition ratio	Amount	Composition ratio	Amount	Composition ratio	Amount change	Percent change	Mobile cranes Domestic: Demand was on a		
Mobile cranes Domestic sales Overseas sales Subtotal		57.2% 6.7% 63.9%	•	53.2% 6.7% 59.9%	3,212	45.5% 10.4% 55.8%	(118)	(0.8)% 80.8% 8.2%	Track but not in full and thus leveled of Overseas: Sales recovered ma products for Asia a		
Construction equipment Domestic sales Overseas sales Subtotal	6,451	15.4% 19.7% 35.1%	•	18.8% 19.8% 38.6%	6,955	20.2% 22.5% 42.6%	1,216 1,681 2,898	24.2% 31.9% 28.1%	·		
Industrial equipment Domestic sales Overseas sales Subtotal	s 418	1.0% 0.0% 1.0%	0	1.5% 0.0% 1.5%	0	1.5% 0.0% 1.5%		16.9% 17.2%	Construction equip Domestic: Demand remained due to recovery in sector and private s constructions.		
Total Domestic sales Overseas sales Total	11,048 41,889		7,050 26,674	73.6% 26.4% 100.0%	10,168	67.2% 32.8% 100.0%	3,118	5.9% 44.2% 16.1%	Overseas: Sales increased in America and Europ		
Changes in net sales by principal item ————————————————————————————————————											

Mobile cranes

Domestic: Demand was on a recovery track but not in full swing yet, and thus leveled off. Overseas: Sales recovered mainly in products for Asia and Oceania.

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Construction equipment

Domestic: Demand remained steady due to recovery in public sector and private sector constructions. Overseas: Sales increased in North America and Europe.







Changes in consolidated net sales by principal item (Mobile cranes)

For overseas (55t - 300t, 7 models)





Overseas sales

 \rightarrow Sales increased mainly in Asia and Oceania, up 80.8% year-on-year.

Changes in consolidated net sales by principal item (Construction equipment)

• For domestic (3.7t - 11t, 6 models)

For overseas (3.7t - 11t, 4 models)





 \rightarrow Sales increased mainly in North America and Europe, up 31.9% year-on-year.

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Changes in consolidated net sales by principal item (Industrial equipment)

[Explanation of main products]

- Street sweepers

- Having both high ability to clean up and a compact size
- Human-friendly, low-noise, and highly efficient sweeper
- For domestic (2 models)
- For overseas (custom-made)

Vacuum trucks

- Sucking various objects from sludge to powder and granular materials
- Diverse lineup of products including various models from small to large-sized ones
- For domestic (9 models)
- For overseas (custom-made)

Snow sweepers

- Adopting a powerful brush and blowing method
- Realizing speedy and efficient snow removal
- For domestic (5 models)
- For overseas (custom-made)



Increase in net sales

 \rightarrow Net sales increased 17.2% on a year-on-year comparison.



Changes in consolidated net sales by destination

(excluding Japan)





(Unit: millions of yen)

- Asia (Up 20.5% year-on-year)
 - 4,747 million yen \rightarrow 5,719 million yen [972 million yen]
 - \rightarrow Sales of mobile cranes increased
- North America (Up 87.3% year-onyear)

723 million yen \rightarrow 1,354 million yen [631 million yen]

 $\rightarrow\,$ Sales of Hydraulic excavators increased in North America.

Europe (Up 61.0% year-on-year)

1,499 million yen \rightarrow 2,413 million yen [914 million yen]

 \rightarrow Increased due to the impact of capital investment related to infrastructures by NextGenerationEU.

(Unit: millions of yen)

	For 6 months ended Sep. 30, 2019		For 6 months ended Sep. 30, 2020		For 6 months ended Sep. 30, 2021		Year on year		Composition ratio
	Amount	Composition ratio	Amount	Composition ratio	Amount	Composition ratio	Amount change	Percent change	of total net sales
Asia	7,266	65.8%	4,747	67.3%	5,719	56.2%	972	20.5%	18.5%
Middle and Near East	199	1.8%	13	0.2%	103	1.0%	90	667.2%	0.3%
Europe	1,760	15.9%	1,499	21.3%	2,413	23.7%	914	61.0%	7.8%
Oceania	141	1.3%	52	0.7%	480	4.7%	427	813.1%	1.6%
Africa	59	0.5%	14	0.2%	96	0.9%	81	557.0%	0.3%
North America/Central and South America	1,620	14.7%	723	10.3%	1,354	13.3%	631	87.3%	4.4%
Total overseas net sales	11,048	100.0%	7,050	100.0%	10,168	100.0%	3,118	44.2%	32.8%

Full-year consolidated financial results forecast for fiscal year ending March 31, 2022



		FY ended M	lar. 31, 2021	FY ending Ma (Fored	•
		Amount	Ratio	Amount	Change
Net sales		58,519	100.0%	65,700	12.3%
Operating pro	fit (loss)	(2,810)	(4.8)%	(2,600)	-
Ordinary profi	it (loss)	(1,921)	(3.3)%	(2,900)	-
Profit (loss) attribu owners of parent	itable to	(5,738)	(9.8)%	(3,100)	-
		FY ended M	lar. 31, 2021	FY ending Ma (Forec	
Dividend nor	Interim		0.00 yen		0.00 yen
Dividend per share	Year-end		10.00 yen		10.00 yen
Share	Annual		10.00 yen		10.00 yen

- (Unit: millions of yen)
- While severe business results have continued, we will establish a stable management base and improve earning power by steadily implementing respective measures in accordance with "KATO Reborn Project."

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Progress of KATO Reborn Project



➢ We steadily implemented the measures announced as of August 2021.

Policies	Priority themes	Status of initiatives		
	Maximizing profits by reviewing product portfolios	Orders increased by putting emphasis on domestic priority customers and products.		
Improvement	Accelerating product development by concentrating development resources therein	Started initiatives for reducing the development period, determining models which should be preferentially developed and concentrating the resources in it.		
of profitability	Reviewing the global strategy and restructuring the supply chain	Improved productivity of two plants, moving the production base of small-sized rough terrain cranes.		
	Reviewing the fundamental cost structure	Reviewed the cost structure of priority models and reduced production costs with the improved productivity.		
	Further focusing on aftermarket	Started the review of operations in order to enhance services.		
Improvement of efficiency in use of funds	Improving working capital by strictly managing inventories and trade receivables	Reduced the amount of inventories by exchanging information and enhancing cooperation between sales and production divisions.		
	Improving CF with structural reform	Sold underutilized real estates.		

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Launch of new hydraulic excavator HD-2050-7

As a new series of REGZAM, a large-sized hydraulic excavator was launched, equipped with an exhaust-gas aftertreatment unit and KATO's unique fuel efficient feature. ~From July 2021~

- ✓ Equipped with an engine in conformity with a standard equivalent to 2014 standards for the exceptional case for smaller number of non-road special motor vehicles.
- ✓ Designated as low-noise construction machinery in the designation system for low-noise construction machinery by Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism.
- Improved operation performance by updating each hydraulic system, and making front hydraulic piping larger.
- Improved durability even at sites under heavy load, strengthening respective front parts and underbody of vehicles.
- ✓ The new control lever with a shape of grip changed reduced operational loads by 20%, which enabled an operator to work comfortably for a long time.



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Launch of new rough terrain crane SL-750Rf II

The new-type 75t lifting rough terrain crane was launched, aiming at the highest safeness in the industry and environmental consciousness.

~From June 2021~

- Highly rigid super boom with six sections
 High efficiency and high performance thanks to HYBRIDZOOM, an extendable system
 fusing lock pin and full power
- Equipped with the environment-friendly engine in conformity with 2014 emission control regulations for diesel-engine special motor vehicles.
 Also designated as low-noise construction machinery.
- ✓ Equipped with a clearance sonar system as standard.

Improved safeness during traveling with an obstacle detection feature with an ultrasonic sensor.

✓ Tire air pressure monitoring system is set as an option.

By issuing warning on air pressure of tires and their abnormal temperature to keep air pressure appropriate, fuel efficiency improves and service life of tires becomes longer.

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► Launch of new rough terrain crane MR-130Rf II

The first 13t rough terrain crane adopting a jib which can be drawn out in air (EJIB TYPE S) ~From August 2021~

- \checkmark Realized space-saving for operations for attaching and storing a jib by adopting the jib which can be drawn out in air (EJIB TYPE S). Also, as attaching and storing the jib became easier, loads on an operator decreased.
- \checkmark Equipped with the environment-friendly engine in conformity with 2014 emission control regulations for diesel-engine special motor vehicles. Also designated as low-noise construction machinery.
- \checkmark An outrigger can be selected from two types, H type and X type, depending on various site situations.
- ✓ KATO safety view system is set as an option. Safeness during both traveling and working improved with our unique surrounding view system and human detection assisting camera.





Contents on the present plans and the forecasts included in this material are based on information presently obtained and certain premises deemed reasonable by the Company. Actual business results, etc. may be significantly different from them due to various factors. Therefore, this material does not promise or guarantee their realization.

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